

**South-East England Development Agency
Equality and Diversity Data Tool**

Final report
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Contents

Section 1	Introduction and context	4
Section 2	Which of the national indicators are available by equalities groups?	6
Section 3	Gaps in the data for equalities groups – our recommendations	9
Section 4	Gender: Sources, indicators and gaps	10
Section 5	Ethnicity: Sources, indicators and gaps.....	13
Section 6	Disability: Sources, indicators and gaps.....	19
Section 7	Age: Sources, indicators and gaps.....	24
Section 8	Children and young people: Sources, indicators and gaps	26
Section 9	Older People: Sources, indicators and gaps	30
Section 10	Religion and belief: Sources, indicators and gaps.....	33
Section 11	Sexual orientation: Sources, indicators and gaps	35
Appendix A	Gender: full list of datasets	36
Appendix B	Ethnicity: full list of datasets.....	42
Appendix C	Age: full list of datasets	46
Appendix D	Children and young people: full list of datasets	50
Appendix E	Older People: full list of datasets	56
Appendix F	Disability: full list of datasets.....	61
Appendix G	Religion and belief: full list of datasets.....	64
Appendix H	Sexual orientation: full list of datasets.....	65

Section 1 Introduction and context

1.1 Introduction

1.1.1 In this project, the South East England Development Agency (SEEDA) are seeking to develop a comprehensive baseline dataset for the various equalities groups. In particular, SEEDA are looking to:

- Collate data broken down by key equalities groups, including gender, age, ethnicity, disability and religious belief, and to baseline this data against averages for the whole population
- Provide these datasets at a range of geographical levels in a flexible and easy-to-use Excel format, as well as available to download through the regional Data Hub
- Identify gaps where key data is not available for equalities groups

Project overview

1.1.2 The outputs from this research project are intended to enable a better understanding of how particular equalities groups fare on a range of social and economic issues.

1.1.3 In this project, we have:

- *Identified and collated the key socioeconomic data available for equalities groups:* We map the range of *publicly available* key datasets for the main equalities groups. We have also collected these datasets from a range of national sources
- *Developed the SEEDA Equality and Diversity Data Tool:* We provide the key socioeconomic datasets for each of the equalities groups in an Excel reporting tool. This provides data at all available geographies, baselined against the whole population averages
- *Identified the key data gaps:* Based on our mapping of the key publicly available data, we have identified the key gaps in the published data.

1.1.4 Note that we have *not* developed new datasets, or collected commercial datasets. Our approach is based on existing nationally published data.

The SEEDA Equality and Diversity Data Tool

1.1.5 The key output from this project is the SEEDA Equality and Diversity Data Tool – an Excel spreadsheet containing the key socioeconomic data available for equalities groups.

1.2 What data have we mapped and collected?

We have mapped and collected data for six equalities groups

1.2.1 We have mapped and collected data for the six key equalities groups, plus the two additional sub-groups of children and older people:

- Gender (Section 4)

- Ethnicity (Section 5)
- Disability (Section 6)
- Age (Section 7), with two additional breakdowns:
 - Children (Section 8)
 - Older People (Section 9)
- Religion and belief (Section 10)
- Sexual orientation (Section 11)

1.2.2 Under each of the equalities groups Sections (4 to 11), we identify what the key sources are for that equality group, the indicators that we have included in the SEEDA Equality and Diversity Data Tool, and the key data gaps that could be plugged with existing datasets (our summary of recommendations for the data gaps is provided in Section 3).

1.2.3 For reference, Appendices A to H provide a full listing of datasets for Equalities Groups. We have also, where relevant, provided a detailed list of Census standard tables and Census area tables which provide data by the key equalities groups.

What sources have we obtained data from?

1.2.4 We have drawn on data from a number of key data sources:

- Neighbourhood Statistics (NeSS)
- CLG Floor Targets Interactive
- NOMIS Labour Market Statistics
- Audit Commission Area Profile website
- Higher Education Statistics Agency
- Central government departments, including ONS, DWP, CLG, DoH, DCSF, Home Office, DEFRA, DfT, Land Registry Office, HMRC
- Data for Neighbourhood Renewal (Data4nr.net)

The Public Service Agreements (PSAs) and national indicators

1.2.5 We have also carried out a mapping of the Public Service Agreements and national indicators, to identify which of the 198 national indicators are available by equalities groups – our analysis here is provided in Section 2.

1.3 Acknowledgements

1.3.1 We would like to thank the steering group for help with the project:

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Section 2 Which of the national indicators are available by equalities groups?

2.1 The Public Service Agreements (PSAs) and national indicators

- 2.1.1 The 2007 Comprehensive Spending Review (CSR07) identifies thirty Public Service Agreements (PSAs), setting out the government's priority outcomes over the CSR07 period¹. Each of the PSAs are associated with a basket of *national-level* outcome-focused performance indicators that will be used to measure progress towards each PSA.
- 2.1.2 The Local Government *White Paper Strong and Prosperous Communities* committed to a smaller, more-focused, set of priorities as well as to radically reduce the number of national indicators. In meeting this commitment, government has reduced the number of indicators that local authorities and their partners need to report down to 198.
- 2.1.3 The new 198 national indicators for local authorities and local authority partnerships were announced as part of CSR07, identifying the *local-level* outcome-focused performance indicators². Each of these local indicators is associated with one or more of the 30 national PSAs. These 198 national indicators are the only means of measuring national priorities that have been agreed by Government. Following consultation, the detailed definitions for the 198 national indicators have been published³.

2.2 Which of the national indicators are available by equalities groups?

- 2.2.1 This section identifies those proposed national indicators that are available by specific equalities groups. Note that a number of the national indicators have not yet been made publicly available, but are scheduled for release in the near future.
- 2.2.2 For the final definition of the 198 national indicators, alongside the relevant national PSA, see the *National Indicators for Local Authorities and Local Authority Partnerships: Handbook of Definitions*, available from www.communities.gov.uk/publications/localgovernment/finalnationalindicators
- 2.2.3 The Table on the following pages identifies those national indicators which are available by equalities groups.

¹ The results of CSR07 were released 9th October 2007. See www.hm-treasury.gov.uk/pbr_csr/psa/pbr_csr07_psaindex.cfm for details of CSR07 and the PSAs.

² See Communities and Local Government (2007). *The New Performance Framework for Local Authorities and Local Authority Partnerships: Single Set of National Indicators*. Available from www.communities.gov.uk/publications/localgovernment/nationalindicator

³ See Communities and Local Government (2008). *National Indicators for Local Authorities and Local Authority Partnerships: Handbook of Definitions*. Available from www.communities.gov.uk/publications/localgovernment/finalnationalindicators

Equalities group	National indicator
Gender	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NI 32 Repeat incidents of domestic violence • NI 34 Domestic violence – murder PSA 23 • NI 126 Early access for women to maternity services
Ethnicity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NI 13 Migrants English language skills and knowledge
Disability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NI 54 Services for disabled children • NI 103 Special Educational Needs – statements issued within 26 weeks • NI 104 The Special Educational Needs (SEN)/non-SEN gap – achieving Key Stage 2 English and Maths threshold • NI 105 The Special Educational Needs (SEN)/non-SEN gap – achieving 5 A*-C GCSE inc. English and Maths • NI 141 Number of vulnerable people achieving independent living • NI 142 Number of vulnerable people who are supported to maintain independent living • NI 145 Adults with learning disabilities in settled accommodation • NI 146 Adults with learning disabilities in employment • NI 149 Adults in contact with secondary mental health services in settled accommodation • NI 150 Adults in contact with secondary mental health services in employment
Children and young people	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NI 22 Perceptions of parents taking responsibility for the behaviour of their children in the area • NI 50 Emotional health of children • NI 51 Effectiveness of child and adolescent mental health (CAMHs) services • NI 52 Take up of school lunches • NI 53 Prevalence of breastfeeding at 6 – 8 weeks from birth • NI 54 Services for disabled children • NI 55 Obesity among primary school age children in Reception Year • NI 56 Obesity among primary school age children in Year 6 • NI 57 Children and young people’s participation in high-quality PE and sport • NI 58 Emotional and behavioural health of children in care • NI 59 Initial assessments for children’s social care carried out within 7 working days of referral • NI 60 Core assessments for children’s social care that were carried out within 35 working days of their commencement • NI 61 Stability of looked after children adopted following an agency decision that the child should be placed for adoption • NI 62 Stability of placements of looked after children: number of moves • NI 63 Stability of placements of looked after children: length of placement • NI 64 Child protection plans lasting 2 years or more • NI 65 Children becoming the subject of a Child Protection Plan for a second subsequent time • NI 66 Looked after children cases which were reviewed within required timescales • NI 67 Child protection cases which were reviewed within required timescales • NI 68 Referrals to children’s social care going on to initial assessment • NI 69 Children who have experienced bullying • NI 70 Hospital admissions caused by unintentional and deliberate injuries to children and young people • NI 71 Children who have run away from home/care overnight

Equalities group	National indicator
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NI 72 Achievement of at least 78 points across the Early Years Foundation Stage with at least 6 in each of the scales in Personal Social and Emotional Development and Communication, Language and Literacy • NI 84 Achievement of 2 or more A*-C grades in Science GCSEs or equivalent • NI 90 Take up of 14-19 learning diplomas • NI 91 Participation of 17 year-olds in education or training • NI 99 Children in care reaching level 4 in English at Key Stage 2 • NI 100 Children in care reaching level 4 in Maths at Key Stage 2 • NI 101 Children in care achieving 5 A*-C GCSEs (or equivalent) at Key Stage 4 (including English and Maths) • NI 106 Young people from low income backgrounds progressing to higher education • NI 109 Number of Sure Start Children Centres • NI 110 Young people's participation in positive activities • NI 113 Prevalence of Chlamydia in under 20 year olds • NI 116 Proportion of children in poverty • NI 117 16 to 18 year olds who are Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET) • NI 118 Take up of formal childcare by low-income working families • NI 198 Children travelling to school – mode of travel usually used
Older People	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NI 125 Achieving independence for older people through rehabilitation/intermediate care • NI 129 End of life access to palliative care enabling people to choose to die at home • NI 137 Healthy life expectancy at age 65 • NI 138 Satisfaction of people over 65 with both home and neighbourhood • NI 139 People over 65 who say that they receive the information, assistance and support needed to exercise choice and control to live independently

Section 3 Gaps in the data for equalities groups – our recommendations

3.1.1 In each of the following Sections we have highlighted the main data gaps, for each equalities group. The Table below summarises the key data gaps that could potentially be plugged through strengthening existing datasets (see the relevant Sections for further detail):

Equalities group	Key data gaps that could potentially be 'plugged' by strengthening existing datasets
<i>Gender</i> (Section 4)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Business ownership by gender • Victims of crime (and perpetrators), by gender • Domestic Violence to LA District level
<i>Ethnicity</i> (Section 5)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DWP Benefit claimants by ethnic group • Crime levels by ethnicity of victim and perpetrator • Pupil numbers by ethnicity • Pupil attainment for those with English as an Additional Language
<i>Disability</i> (Section 6)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Qualification levels of those with disabilities • Pupils with Special Educational Needs • Crime levels for disability-related Hate crime • Young adults with disabilities who are Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)
<i>Age</i> (Sections 7-9)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Crime levels, by age of victim and perpetrator • Children living in poverty • Children aged 0-15 dependent on DWP benefits • Pupils eligible for Free School Meals (FSM) • Ensuring data on Young people Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET) is made available by local Connexions partnerships to LA District level • Older people receiving DWP benefits • Older People living in poverty • Ensuring data on Attendance Allowance claimants is published by DWP to LSOA level (this is currently the only major benefit not published below LA District level)
<i>Religion and belief</i> (Section 10)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Without collection of robust data coded by religion and belief, which appears unlikely in the short-term, accurate identification and monitoring of issues faced by specific groups is likely to be restricted to analysis of proxy datasets (for example, using ethnicity as a rough proxy for some groups), Census 2001, or more detailed local survey work
<i>Sexual orientation</i> (Section 11)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Without collection of robust data coded by sexual orientation, which appears unlikely in the short-term, accurate identification and monitoring of issues faced by specific groups is likely to be restricted to analysis of more detailed local survey work

Section 4 Gender: Sources, indicators and gaps

4.1 What are the key sources?

4.1.1 There is a range of key sources for data on gender:

- The Census 2001 provides breakdowns of the majority of key indicators by gender
- Mid Year population estimates identify recent population trends for males and females
- All of the key DWP benefit datasets identify claimant rates for both males and females, for a range of key benefits
- Key population surveys such as the Annual Population Survey and the Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings (ASHE) are also coded by gender, enabling analysis of economic activity and earnings gaps between males and females
- It is also possible to analyse education and health inequalities issues between males and females. For example, data from the Pupil Annual School Level Census looks at pupil attainment for male and female pupils whilst the ONS provides indicators of life expectancy and disability-free years broken down by gender.

4.2 What are the key indicators provided in the Equality and Diversity Data Tool?

4.2.1 The Equality and Diversity Data Tool provides the following key indicators:

Dataset	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Population by gender	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Mid Year Population Estimates	ONS	LSOA to National	2001 to 2005 ⁴ with annual updates
Lone Parent Households with Dependent Children	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
DWP Benefit claimants: Working Age Client Group, Income Support, Pension Credit, Incapacity Benefit (IB), Jobseekers Allowance (JSA), Disability Living Allowance (DLA)	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates ⁵
Housing Benefit/Council Tax Benefit Claimants	DWP	LSOA to National	2005 with annual updates
Earnings per head and Hours Worked: by place of residence and workplace	ASHE	Local Authority District to National	2002 to 2007 with annual updates
Economic Activity ⁶ by gender	APS	Local Authority District to National	December 2004 to June 2007 with quarterly updates
Life Expectancy at Birth	ONS	Local Authority District to National	1999-2001 to 2003-2005 (3 year rolling averages)
Disability by Gender	APS	Local Authority District to National	December 2004 to June 2007 with quarterly updates
Pupil attainment by Location of Pupil Residence (Key Stage 2, 3, 4)	DCSF: PLASC	LSOA to National	2001/02 to 2005/06 with annual updates

4.3 What are the key data gaps that could be 'plugged' by existing datasets?

4.3.1 There is a good deal of data broken down by gender. The key data-gap we have identified is around entrepreneurial levels, for example evidence on business ownership by gender. The Table on the following page highlights possible sources that could be used to 'plug' this gap.

4.3.2 Additional data-gaps that could potentially be plugged by existing datasets include:

- Victims of crime (and perpetrators), by gender. Including Domestic violence, which is currently only available to Police Force Area, although there are examples of good practice, such as the Metropolitan Police releasing data at Borough level across London
- Young people who are Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)
- Mortality rates from specific diseases
- Healthy behaviour data by gender, including smoking, drinking and drug use

⁴ MYE data are available for 2006 at LAD level. However this data does not provide working age and pensionable age breakdowns and is less useful as a denominator. Data is also not available at small area level. Furthermore the data is heavily rounded (to the nearest 100 cases). Therefore we propose including the LSOA population estimates here, which are available to 2005 only.

⁵ DLA only available from 2002 and Pension Credit from November 2003

⁶ Economic Activity refers to overall employment rate, numbers economically inactive and self employment rate

4.3.3 It is worth noting that there is little consistent data on transgender groups across the region, although there is some local research highlighting the size and issues faced by this group⁷.

Entrepreneurial levels - Business Ownership by Gender	
Why is this useful?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analysis of inequalities in entrepreneurial levels by gender
Possible sources to explore	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data from the Annual Small Business Survey provides details on Male and female leadership of businesses. This data is currently published at regional level. • The Labour Force Survey (LFS) provides relevant data on business ownership. Analysis to estimate the number of female business owners across the South-East is currently being carried out by the ONS Regional Statisticians based in SEEDA – this work is due to report in May 2008. This data may in future be modelled to County and Unitary level • The Inter-Departmental Business Register (IDBR) covers businesses in all parts of the economy, and provides a list of the UK businesses maintained by the Office for National Statistics (ONS). This register provides the source for statistics on VAT registered enterprises. The database holds a large amount of information on businesses including name of business, address, industry of employment, number of employees, turnover, Company number etc. However, there are no details on ownership or management of the enterprise therefore it is not possible to use enterprise data to provide statistics on male and female ownership or start-ups at local level. The main source of this data is therefore survey data. • Other regions have conducted local surveys encompassing issues of gender ownership of business. London Annual Business Survey (LABS) based on a survey of 5,600 businesses in London, provides breakdowns on ownership of business by gender. So there is potential for SEEDA to commission a similar local survey to provide a picture across the South East
Smallest Geography currently available	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Government Office Region
Issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Annual Small Business Survey is derived from a relatively small sample size of 7,505 small businesses across the UK so is not suitable for analysis at sub-regional level. However, the data could potentially be published for South East RES geographies (Inner, Coastal and Rural). • Many businesses are under joint ownership and gender of owner is difficult to ascertain. Therefore data is likely to be reliable for smaller businesses only.
Possible Indicators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Business ownership by gender of owner • Businesses start-up rates by gender of owner • Proportion of female headed enterprises

⁷ For example, see Browne, K. (2007) *Count me in too - LGBT Lives in Brighton and Hove - Initial Findings*. Available at: www.spectrum-lgbt.org/cmiiToo/downloads/CMIT_AcademicReport_final_June07.pdf

Section 5 Ethnicity: Sources, indicators and gaps

5.1 What are the key sources?

5.1.1 There is a range of key sources for data on ethnicity:

- The Census 2001 provides the most robust measure of the population size by ethnic group. However, the Census is increasingly out-of-date and does not account for recent changes in the ethnic make-up of the UK population as a result of migration and demographic change. The ONS produces more recent population estimates of ethnic group populations, with the most recent set published in 2005. These are modelled estimates, with migration and demographic shift assumptions taken from the 2001 Census and therefore, do not take into account the impact of recent international migration
- For more contextual information about the shifting ethnic profile of an area, data is available from the regularly updated ONS international migration estimates, National Insurance Number (NINO) registrations for overseas workers and statistics on births by the mother's country of origin
- The absence of a robust and up-to-date denominator presents challenges in analysing socio-economic data for different ethnic groups. For example, we may know the number of unemployed people for a particular ethnic group; however, it is difficult to accurately assess what proportion of the working age population of that group this number represents if we do not have accurate population denominators
- There is one key exception to this: The Pupil Annual School Level Census (PLASC) provides pupil attainment data broken down by broad ethnic categories. This dataset contains counts, both for the numbers of pupils in an area, and the attainment of those pupils across different key stages
- Other key sources of data by ethnicity include DWP Benefits datasets, which code benefit claims by ethnic group, and the CLG, which provides counts of homeless people by ethnic group

5.2 What are the key indicators provided in the Equality and Diversity Data Tool?

5.2.1 The Equality and Diversity Data Tool provides the following key indicators:

Datasets	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Population by ethnic group	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Population by country of Birth	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Population Estimates by Broad Ethnic Group	ONS	Local Authority to National	2001-2005 with annual updates
People living in households of multiple ethnic groups	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
National Insurance Number Allocations to Overseas Nationals entering the UK by country of origin	DWP	Local Authority District to National	2005/06, 2006/07 (annual updates)
Births by country of birth of mother	ONS	Local Authority to National for selected areas	2002 to 2006
Jobseekers Allowance (JSA)	DWP	Local Authority to National	April 2005 to September 2007 with quarterly updates
Economic Activity ⁸ for people from non-white ethnic groups	APS	Local Authority District to National	December 2004 to June 2007 with quarterly updates
Pupil Attainment by ethnic group (KS1-4)	DCSF: PLASC	Local Authority to National	2005, 2006 with annual updates
Homelessness: Unintentionally and Intentionally Homeless in Priority Need by ethnic group	CLG	Local Authority to National	2001 to 2005 with annual updates
Percentage of people who believe people from different backgrounds get on well together in their local area (NI 1)	Audit Commission Proxy (soon to be place based survey)	Local Authority to National	2006/07

5.3 What are the key data gaps that could be ‘plugged’ by existing datasets?

5.3.1 Many of the key datasets are not available by ethnicity. In the following Tables we examine key gaps, that could potentially be ‘plugged’ by strengthening existing datasets:

- *DWP Benefit claimants by ethnic group.* DWP benefit datasets are coded by ethnicity. It is potentially possible therefore, for all DWP benefit datasets to be made available with breakdowns by ethnic group of claimant. However, at present only Jobseekers Allowance claimants are released broken down by ethnic group
- *Crime levels (by ethnicity of victim and perpetrator):* There are good practice examples of providing more detailed crime data. For example, the Metropolitan Police record and publish racially motivated crime incidents for each of individual London Borough in the force

⁸ Economic Activity refers to overall employment rate, numbers economically inactive and self employment rate

- *Pupil ethnicity*: School records provide a detailed, and updated, record of the numbers of different ethnic groups at local level. This is potentially useful for identifying migration levels
- *Attainment for pupils with English as an Additional Language*

5.3.2 Additional data gaps that could potentially be ‘plugged’ by strengthening existing datasets include:

- Births by ethnicity
- Young people Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET), by ethnic group
- Internal and international migration estimates by ethnic group
- Healthy behaviour data by ethnic group, including smoking, drinking and drug use

DWP Benefit claimants by ethnic group	
Why is this useful?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Estimates of inequalities issues in terms of employment, health and low income experienced by different ethnic groups
Possible Sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DWP benefit datasets are coded by ethnicity. It is potentially possible therefore for all DWP benefit datasets to be made available with breakdowns by ethnic group of claimant. However, at present only Jobseekers Allowance claimants are released broken down by ethnic group.
Smallest Geography currently available	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Jobseekers Allowance claimants by ethnicity is currently published to LA District level
Issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Potential disclosure issues. Data could not be provided at sub-district level • Lack of reliable denominators makes it difficult to accurately assess claim rates for different ethnic groups
Possible Indicators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Working Age DWP Benefit claimants by ethnic group (to LAD level) • Incapacity Benefit (IB) claimants by ethnic group (to LAD level) • Income Support (IS) claimants by ethnic group (to LAD level) • Disability Living Allowance (DLA) claimants by ethnic group (to LAD level) • Attendance Allowance claimants by ethnic group (to LAD level) • Pension Credit claimants by ethnic group (to LAD level)

Crime levels (by ethnicity of victim and perpetrator)	
Why is this useful?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Experience of crime by ethnicity would provide additional information in terms of inequalities issues faced by different groups.
Possible Sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The British Crime Survey currently holds data on victims of crime by ethnic group, enabling analysis of which groups are particularly at risk of experiencing crime. • The BCS also provides estimates of racially motivated crime. Analysis of this dataset is available as part of the Crime in England and Wales series, with breakdowns at national level. However, some police forces have provided more local analysis of hate crime, with the Metropolitan Police recording racially motivated crime incidents for each of individual London Borough in the force⁹. Local Police Forces in the South East are also likely to monitor racially motivated offences, however these are currently not publicly available.
Smallest Geography currently available	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National
Issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sample size: The sample size of the British Crime Survey is currently 50,000. This sample frame is likely to be too small to release data at Local Authority district level for a single year point. However, it may be possible to obtain data for the key RES groups and Police Force areas. • Use of locally recorded police force data on racially motivated incidents would have to be validated to ensure that recording practices were consistent. Currently recorded offences data on racially motivated incidents does not come under the standardised regulations for recording crime under the National Crime Recording Standard (NCRS)¹⁰.
Possible Indicators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Crimes by victims ethnicity (to LAD level) • Fear of crime by ethnicity (to LAD level) • Racially motivated crime rate (to LAD level) • Perpetrators of crime by ethnicity (to LAD level)

⁹ www.met.police.uk/crimefigures/

¹⁰ See <http://www.homeoffice.gov.uk/rds/countrules.html> for more details about NCRS and crimes covered in the counting rules

Pupil Ethnicity	
Why is this useful?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data on pupil ethnicity can provide important contextual background of the demographic shifts in the ethnic profile of the South East. Data could also be provided on Free School Meal and SEN pupils by ethnic group, enabling analysis of inequalities issues experienced by pupils from different ethnic backgrounds.
Possible Sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data on pupil ethnicity is collected as part of the Pupil Annual School Level Census (PLASC). The census includes information on individual pupil home postcodes which can be aggregated to provide counts of numbers of pupils by ethnic groups in a local area. The census also holds a number of additional pieces of socio-economic information on pupils enabling analysis of pupil ethnicity by key characteristics, including Free School Meal (FSM) and Special Educational Needs.
Smallest Geography currently available	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LEA
Issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data on pupil attainment by broad ethnic group is currently released by neighbourhood statistics at LAD level. There are some suppressed cases. However, pupil attainment data only covers single year points (each individual key stage year). A full breakdown of all pupils by ethnicity covering all school years (potentially thirteen in total) would be less disclosive and data could be provided for more detailed ethnic breakdowns and potentially available at sub-district level. Data on pupil ethnicity by key socio-economic characteristics is likely to be more disclosive as data would be presented for a more detailed set of breakdowns. It is likely that if this data is released it will only be provided for broad ethnic groups at LAD level.
Possible Indicators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Total pupils by ethnic group in maintained schools (to MSOA/ward level) Pupils by ethnic group in maintained primary schools (to LAD level) Pupils by ethnic group in maintained secondary schools (to LAD level) Free School Meal (FSM) pupils by broad ethnic group (to LAD level) Special Educational Needs (SEN) pupils by broad ethnic group (to LAD level)

Pupil attainment for those with English as an Additional Language (EAL)	
Why is this useful?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analysis of differences in pupil attainment between pupils who are fluent and English and those for whom English is not a first language
Possible Sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data on pupils with English as an Additional Language (EAL) is collected as part of the Pupil Annual School Level Census (PLASC). The census is linked to pupil attainment data enabling analysis of attainment for different socio-economic groups. Each pupil is also assigned a home postcode enabling local analysis of variations in pupil attainment and pupil size by pupil's first language.
Smallest Geography currently available	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LEA
Issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data on pupil attainment by broad ethnic group is currently released by neighbourhood statistics at LAD level. There should be no disclosure issues with publishing pupil attainment by EAL at the same level as this data contains fewer breakdowns than pupil ethnicity. • The number of pupils EAL across all school years could potentially be provided at sub-district level without risking significant disclosure issues. The numbers of pupils with EAL across all school years in any one ward or MSOA are likely to be sufficiently large in the majority of areas for data not to be heavily suppressed on publication
Possible Indicators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Total pupils by EAL in maintained schools (to MSOA/ward level) • Pupil Attainment by EAL: Key Stage 1 to 4 (to LAD level)

Section 6 Disability: Sources, indicators and gaps

6.1 What are the key sources?

6.1.1 There is a range of key sources for data on disability:

- The DWP provides regularly updated data on the numbers of people receiving Disability Living Allowance (DLA). This benefit is payable to people who become disabled before the age of 65. People aged over 65 who are disabled and require care or supervision are eligible for Attendance Allowance (AA). Taken together these datasets provide robust estimates of the disabled population¹¹. AA and DLA do not provide information on other socio-economic issues affecting disabled groups e.g. whether people with disabilities are economically active
- DWP benefit datasets also provide an insight into socio-economic factors affecting disabled groups, for example data on Income Support claimants is broken down by reason of claim enabling analysis of those who are living in low-income households as a result of disability. Incapacity benefit claimant counts also supplied by the DWP provide a picture of the extent of worklessness as a result of physical or mental disability across different localities. Both of these datasets are available for small areas and are regularly updated
- The Census 2001, although not explicitly providing a single disability measure, provides estimates of people with a limiting long-term illness and people between 18 and 74 who are permanently sick or disabled. The Census provides breakdowns of these groups by key statistics, which can be used as a starting point for analysis of socio-economic characteristics affecting disabled groups
- Other sources of disability data include Commission for Social Care Inspection (CSCI) and Referrals, Assessment and Packages of Care Data (RAP), which identify social care outcomes for those with disabilities

6.2 What are the key indicators provided in the Equality and Diversity Data Tool?

6.2.1 The Equality and Diversity Data Tool provides the following key indicators:

¹¹ However it is important to recognise that take-up of these benefits is not 100%.

Datasets covering disabled groups	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Disability Living Allowance (DLA)	DWP	LSOA to National	May 2002 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Attendance Allowance (AA)	DWP	Local Authority District to National	2002 to 2007 with quarterly updates
People permanently sick or disabled	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN)	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2005 to 2007 with annual updates
Income Support as a result of Incapacity	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Incapacity Benefit claimants and IB Mental Health claimants	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Working age population with a disability	APS	Local Authority District to National	December 2004 to June 2007 with quarterly updates
Economic Activity ¹² for people for disabled groups	APS	Local Authority District to National	December 2004 to June 2007 with quarterly updates
Healthy Life Expectancy and Disability Free Years	ONS	Local Authority District to National	2001
People providing unpaid care	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Pupils attainment for pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) KS 2-4	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2005/06 with annual updates

6.3 What are the key data gaps that could be ‘plugged’ by existing datasets?

6.3.1 Many of the key datasets are not available by disability. In the following Tables we examine key gaps, that could potentially be ‘plugged’ by strengthening existing datasets:

- Qualification levels of those with disabilities
- Pupils with Special Educational Needs
- Crime levels for disability-related Hate crime
- Young adults with disabilities who are Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)

6.3.2 Additional data gaps that could potentially be ‘plugged’ by strengthening existing datasets include:

- Bullying experienced by disabled children
- Disabled people living in unsuitable accommodation
- Homeless people with disabilities

¹² Economic Activity refers to overall employment rate, numbers economically inactive and self employment rate

Qualification levels of those with disabilities	
Why is this useful?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Comparing qualification levels for people with disabilities against the general population, and whether differences are closing over time, can help identify the barriers faced by disabled groups and how successful policies are
Possible Sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Annual Population Survey (APS) covers questions relating to disability and qualification levels. NOMIS currently publish analysis broken down by disability for a range of socio-economic indicators e.g. employment rate for those with disabilities. However, there is no published data on qualifications by level of disability.
Smallest Geography currently available	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Government Office Region
Issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Extracting APS data on disability by level of qualification should be possible as the data is based on the same sample frame as the disability by economic activity data which currently published by NOMIS. However, confidence intervals should always be provided Publishing qualifications by whether or not a person has a disability would fail to distinguish between the high level of variation in degree and nature of condition covered among the disabled equalities group e.g. whether a person has primarily physical or cognitive impairments. The APS does provide more in depth breakdowns of specific health conditions of those with disabilities. However, due to the large number of breakdowns provided this data is not sufficiently robust to be published at LAD level without high levels of suppression. However, data may be robust enough to release at county/unitary authority level
Possible Indicators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Qualification levels of disabled and non-disabled adults (to LAD level) Qualification levels by nature of disability (to County/Unitary Authority Level).
Crime levels for Disability related Hate crime	
Why is this useful?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A poll by Ipsos/MORI identified that across England and Wales, a third of all disabled people say they 'don't feel safe from harm when out and about in their local area' rising to 37% for women and 46% for those with mental health problems while Mencap found that 90% of people with learning disabilities have experienced harassment. A local picture of experiences of crime for disabled adults would provide additional knowledge to inequalities issues experienced by this group.
Possible Sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The British Crime Survey currently holds data experiences of crime and fear of crime by disability, enabling analysis of which groups are particularly at risk of experiencing crime.
Smallest Geography currently available	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> National
Issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sample size: The sample size of the British Crime Survey (BCS) is currently 50,000. This sample frame is likely to be too small to release data at Local Authority district level for a single year point. However, it may be possible to obtain data for the key RES groups at Police Force area level. The BCS does not provide information on disability motivate hate crime. This is a significant gap in terms of monitoring the experiences of disabled people.
Possible Indicators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Victims of crime by disability Disability related Hate crime

Pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN)	
Why is this useful?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There is a significant gap in pupil attainment between pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) at national level (8.5% of Statemented SEN pupils gained 5 A*-C compared in 2006 with 66% of non-SEN pupils). Local small area information on the numbers of pupils with Special Educational Needs is not currently published.
Possible Sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data on pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) is collected as part of the Pupil Annual School Level Census (PLASC). The census is linked to pupil attainment data enabling analysis of attainment for different socio-economic groups. Each pupil is also assigned a home postcode enabling local analysis of variations in pupil attainment and pupil counts of SEN pupils.
Smallest Geography currently available	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LEA
Issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data on pupil attainment of other key socio-economic groups for example, pupils with free school meals is currently released to LAD level and below. The number of SEN pupils in England (just under 1.4 million in 2007) is greater than the number of pupils receiving FSM (around 860,000) so it is likely that releasing this data at sub-district level would avoid disclosure issues and could potentially be released by DCSF. Given the numbers of SEN pupils across England as a whole, counts of total SEN pupils across all school years are significant enough for this data to be released down to LSOA level without high levels of data suppression.
Possible Indicators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Total pupils by SEN in maintained schools (to LSOA level) Pupil Attainment by SEN: Key Stage 1 to 4 (to MSOA/ward level)

Young adults with disabilities Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)	
Why is this useful?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides estimates of numbers of young disabled adults who have difficulty getting access to, employment, training or skills.
Possible Sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data on the number of 16-18 year olds Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET) is held by local connexions partnerships. This data is not currently published broken down by equalities groups. However, local connexions partnerships typically hold information on the reasons why young people become NEET and the characteristics of the NEET population. Therefore breakdowns of the NEET population by key disability groups e.g. mental health, learning difficulty, physical difficulty are potentially available.
Smallest Geography currently available	-
Issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Because this data is currently developed by local partnerships, there is likely to be local variation in the way disabled people who are NEET are codified and classified. Absence of suitable denominators i.e. total number of disabled people aged 16-18 to assess whether disabled young adults are at greater risk of becoming NEET.
Possible Indicators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> People with learning difficulties aged 16-18 who are Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET) People with difficulties seeing or hearing aged 16-18 who are Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET) People with physical disabilities aged 16-18 who are Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET) People with Special Educational Needs (SEN) aged 16-18 who are Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET)

Section 7 Age: Sources, indicators and gaps

7.1 What are the key sources?

7.1.1 There is a range of key sources for data on age:

- The Census 2001 provides breakdowns of the majority of key indicators by age. This enables analysis of key socio-economic characteristics by age band
- Mid Year population estimates and Subnational population projections are also broken down by age enabling analysis of a change in the age profile of an area over time
- All of the key DWP benefit datasets identify claimant counts broken down by age, so that variations in claimant rates for different age groups can be explored
- Key population surveys including the Annual Population Survey are also coded by age, enabling analysis of economic activity rates for different age groups

7.2 What are the key indicators provided in the Equality and Diversity Data Tool?

7.2.1 The Equality and Diversity Data Tool provides the following key indicators:

Datasets with age breakdowns	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Population by age	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Mid Year Population Estimates by broad age band/five year age band	ONS	LSOA to National/ Local Authority to National	2001 to 2005/6 with annual updates
DWP Benefit claimants: Working Age Client Group, Income Support, Pension Credit, Incapacity Benefit (IB), Jobseekers Allowance (JSA), Disability Living Allowance (DLA)	DWP	LSOA to National ¹³	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates ¹⁴
Housing Benefit/Council Tax Benefit Claimants	DWP	LSOA to National	2005 with annual updates
Economic Activity by age	APS	Local Authority District to National	December 2004 to June 2007 with quarterly updates

7.2.2 In addition, we have incorporated datasets available by age under the additional 'children' and 'older people' Sections later in this report.

7.3 What are the key data gaps that could be 'plugged' by existing datasets?

7.3.1 Many of the key datasets are not available by age. In the following Tables we examine key gaps, that could potentially be 'plugged' by strengthening existing datasets:

¹³ AA only available down to Local Authority District level

¹⁴ DLA only available from 2002 and Pension Credit from November 2003

- Crime levels (by age of victim and perpetrator)

7.3.2 Additional data gaps are explored under the additional ‘children’ and ‘older people’ Sections later in this report.

Crime levels (by age of victim and perpetrator)	
Why is this useful?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Experience of crime by age would provide additional information in terms of inequalities issues faced by different groups.
Possible Sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The British Crime Survey currently holds data on victims of crime by age, enabling analysis of which groups are particularly at risk of experiencing crime. • Police forces are also likely to record offences along with age of victim and perpetrator
Smallest Geography currently available	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National
Issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sample size: The sample size of the British Crime Survey is currently 50,000. This sample frame is likely to be too small to release data at Local Authority district level for a single year point. However, it may be possible to obtain data for the key RES groups and Police Force areas. • Use of locally recorded police force data on age breakdowns of crime offences would have to be validated to ensure that recording practices were consistent..
Possible Indicators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Crimes by victim age (to LAD level) • Perpetrators of crime by age (to LAD level)

Section 8 Children and young people: Sources, indicators and gaps

8.1 What are the key sources?

8.1.1 There is a range of key sources for data on children and young people:

- The Census 2001 provides breakdowns of the majority of key indicators by age enabling analysis of issues affecting children
- Mid Year population estimates provide counts of children aged 0-15 in order to capture recent population changes
- Data on Child Benefit claimants provides an additional estimate of the size of the child population in an area
- The DCSF Pupil Annual School Level Census provides information on pupil attainment; school exclusions and absences as well as counts of key vulnerable groups such as children in care; children with Special Educational Needs; children with English as an Additional Language; and children living in low income households and eligible for Free School Meals
- The ONS (teenage parents) and the HMRC (children living in out of work households) also provided information on vulnerable children and young adults.

8.2 What are the key indicators provided in the Equality and Diversity Data Tool?

8.2.1 The Equality and Diversity Data Tool provides the following key indicators:

Dataset	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Population by age	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Mid Year Population Estimates	ONS	LSOA to National	2001 to 2005 with annual updates
Child Benefit Claimants	HM Customs and Revenue	LSOA to National	1999 to 2006 with annual updates
Lone Parent Households with Dependent Children	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Children living in out of work families	HM Customs and Revenue	LSOA to National	2005
ID 2004 and ID 2007 Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index	CLG Indices of Deprivation (ID) 2004/2007	LSOA	2004/2007
Under 18 conception rate (NI 118)	ONS	Local Authority to National	1998-00 to 2003-05 with annual updates
ID 2004/2007 Children / Young People Education Skills and Training subdomain	CLG Indices of Deprivation (ID) 2004/2007	LSOA	2004/2007
Pupil attainment by Location of Pupil Residence (KS1-4)	DCSF: PLASC	LSOA to National	2001/02 to 2005/06 with annual updates
Pupil Attainment by Free School Meal eligibility at (KS 1-4)	DCSF: PLASC	MSOA to National	2005, 2006 with annual updates
ID 2004 Young People Not Staying in Education indicator	CLG Indices of Deprivation (ID) 2004	LSOA	2004
Care leavers in employment, education or training (NI 148) and accommodation	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2002/03 to 2005/06
Children looked after (in care): Counts, Educational Attainment (KS1-4)	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority to National	2004 to 2007 with annual updates
Children on Child Protection Registers	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority to National	2000 to 2007 with annual updates

8.3 What are the key data gaps that could be 'plugged' by existing datasets?

8.3.1 Many of the key datasets are not available for children and young people. In the following Tables we examine key gaps, that could potentially be 'plugged' by strengthening existing datasets:

- Children living in poverty
- Children aged 0-15 dependent on DWP benefits
- Pupils eligible for Free School Meals (FSM)

8.3.2 Additional data gaps include:

- Young people Not in Employment, Education or Training (NEET) availability varies by Connexion partnership. Typically this is available to District, although some Connexion partnerships only provide to upper-tier LA level.
- Mental health problems for people aged under 18
- Substance misuse among people aged under 18

Children living in poverty	
Why is this useful?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Government has set a target of eradicating child poverty by 2020, measured by the proportion of children in households 60% below the median income. Local data would enable analysis of where this target is not being met.
Possible Sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) provides an indicator of the percentage of children living in relative low-income households before and after housing costs - defined as children in households with income's 60% below the median (before and after housing costs). This measure is used in the Government's targets to eradicate child poverty by 2020. The data comes from the Family Resources Survey (FRS) • A Possible Administrative Source of children in poverty is HMRC records of Adults and children in those Working Tax Credit households where there are children in receipt of Child Tax Credit whose equivalised income (excluding housing benefits) is below 60 per cent of the median before housing costs. This data was used as an underlying indicator as part of the Income domain of the Indices of deprivation 2007. • CACI provide counts of households below 60% of the median income down to LSOA level. This data is not available in the public domain and the methodology is not released so it is not possible to fully assess the robustness of the dataset.
Smallest Geography currently available	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Government Office Region
Issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Family Resources Survey (FRS) has a sample size of 26,000 across Great Britain. This is too small a sample to provide robust estimates at LAD level. However, the data could potentially be published for South East RES geographies (Inner, Coastal and Rural). • Administrative data from the HMRC derived from Child Tax Credit information could potentially be published for smaller geographies. This data formed part of an LSOA measure of income deprivation for the Indices of Deprivation however, due to issues of robustness has never been published as a single indicator¹⁵. However, it is possible that this data could be published at LAD level.
Possible Indicators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Children living in households below 60% of the median income

¹⁵ Many of the underlying indicators of the Indices of Deprivation 2004 were published however there was no publication of the income domain underlying indicators which were presented as a combined income indicator.

Pupils eligible for Free School Meals (FSM)	
Why is this useful?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The most commonly used indicator of pupil disadvantage is his or her eligibility for Free School Meals (FSM). Eligibility for FSM serves as a useful measure of disadvantage because its eligibility reflects Income Support directly
Possible Sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data on pupil ethnicity is collected as part of the Pupil Annual School Level Census (PLASC). The census includes information on individual pupil home postcodes which can be aggregated to provide counts of numbers of pupils by FSM in a local area.
Smallest Geography currently available	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LEA
Issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data on pupil attainment by FSM eligibility is currently released by neighbourhood statistics down to MSOA level. Pupil attainment data only covers single year points (each individual key stage year). Therefore data examining FSM eligibility for which covers all school years (potentially thirteen in total) is likely to be significantly less disclosive and could potentially be provided down to smaller geographical levels e.g. LSOA without need for widespread data suppression.
Possible Indicators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Total pupils by FSM in maintained schools (to LSOA level) Pupils by FSM in maintained primary schools (to MSOA/ward level) Pupils by FSM in maintained secondary schools (to MSOA/ward level)

Children aged 0-15 dependent on DWP benefits	
Why is this useful?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Providing regular updated counts of dependents of DWP claimants would enable better identification of the numbers of at-risk children at local area level.
Possible Sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data on dependents of DWP claimants was previously published as for key DWP benefit datasets including Income Support data and Jobseekers Allowance recipients. Data on dependents of benefit claimants is no longer published by the DWP, however this information is collected and forms a composite part of indicators of children living in disadvantaged households. For example, the ID 2007 used data on children in Income Support Households, children in Income-Based JSA Households and children in Pension Credit households as part of the Income Deprivation Affecting Children (IDACI) indicator. Another dataset using DWP data on dependents of benefit claimants is the HMRC published children living in 'Out of Work' households which records who receive the same level of support as provided by CTC, but where it is paid as child allowances in Income Support or income-based Jobseekers Allowance (IS/JSA). However, neither of these datasets are regularly updated
Smallest Geography currently available	-
Issues	-
Possible Indicators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Working Age DWP Benefit claimants number of dependents (to LSOA level) Incapacity Benefit (IB) claimants number of dependents (to LSOA level) Income Support (IS) claimants number of dependents (to LSOA level) Disability Living Allowance (DLA) claimants number of dependents (to LSOA level)

Section 9 Older People: Sources, indicators and gaps

9.1 What are the key sources?

9.1.1 There is a range of key sources for data on older people:

- The Census 2001 provides breakdowns of the majority of key indicators by age enabling analysis of issues affecting older people
- Mid Year population estimates provide counts of people aged over 65 in order to capture recent population changes affecting older people
- The DWP provides regularly updated counts of the number of people receiving State Pension providing an additional estimate of the size of the pensionable age population in an area
- In terms of key social exclusion issues affecting older people, the DWP provides regularly updated estimates at small area level of older people experiencing income deprivation (Pension Credit claimants) and experiencing poor health (Attendance Allowance and Disability Living Allowance claimants)
- Other key sources of social exclusion data relating to older people include CSCI which look at health and social care issues relating to older people, the ONS which estimate healthy life expectancy for people aged 65 and over and the Indices of Deprivation (ID) which provides a supplementary indicator of Income Deprivation Affecting Older People

9.2 What are the key indicators provided in the Equality and Diversity Data Tool?

9.2.1 The Equality and Diversity Data Tool provides the following key indicators:

Datasets Looking at Older People	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Population	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Mid Year Population Estimates	ONS	LSOA to National	2001 to 2005 with annual updates
Sub-national Population Projections	ONS	LSOA to National	2005-2029
State Pension claimants	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Pensioners Living Alone	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Household Composition – Pensioner households	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
ID 2004-2007 Income Deprivation Affecting Older Persons Index	CLG Indices of Deprivation (ID) 2004-2007	LSOA	2004-2007
Pension Credit	DWP	LSOA to National	November 2003 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Employment rate of over 50 year olds (to age 59/64)	DWP/ ALALFS	Local Authority District to National	2001/02 to 2004/05 with annual updates
Disability Living Allowance (DLA)/ Attendance Allowance (AA)	DWP	LSOA ¹⁶ to National	2002 to 2007 with quarterly updates
Life Expectancy and Disability Free Years at age 65	ONS	Local Authority District to National	2001

9.3 What are the key data gaps that could be ‘plugged’ by existing datasets?

9.3.1 Many of the key datasets are not available by age. In the following Tables we examine key gaps, that could potentially be ‘plugged’ by strengthening existing datasets:

- Older people receiving DWP benefits
- Older People living in poverty

9.3.2 Additional data gaps include:

- Attendance Allowance claimants are only published by DWP to Local Authority District level – other benefits are published to LSOA level
- Take of Pension Credit

¹⁶ Attendance Allowance is only available to Local Authority level

Older people receiving DWP benefits	
Why is this useful?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All pensioners who claim DWP benefits (excluding State Pension). A principle advantage of this dataset is that the double counting of claimants of multiple benefits has been removed so that users gain a more accurate picture of pensioners experiencing disadvantage at a small area level.
Possible Sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The DWP provides a measure of the counts of the numbers of working age people receiving DWP benefits categorised by their statistical group (their main reason for interacting with the benefit system). At present there is no comparable dataset for pensionable age DWP benefit claimants. However, this is scheduled to be released later this year¹⁷.
Smallest Geography currently available	-
Issues	-
Possible Indicators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> DWP Pensioner age client group (to LSOA level)

Older People living in poverty	
Why is this useful?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An alternative measure of pensioners living in low income households to the DWP benefits-based measures. This is particularly important where take-up of Pension Credit and other benefits is low.
Possible Sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) provides an indicator of the percentage of pensioner households living in relative low-income households before and after housing costs - defined as children in households with income's 60% below the median (before and after housing costs). The data comes from the Family Resources Survey (FRS). Data is currently published nationally with key breakdowns as part of the Pensioner's Income (PI) Series¹⁸. CACI provide counts of households below 60% of the median income down to LSOA level. This data is not available in the public domain and the methodology is not released so it is not possible to fully assess the robustness of the dataset.
Smallest Geography currently available	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Government Office Region
Issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Family Resources Survey (FRS) has a sample size of 26,000 across Great Britain. This is too small a sample to provide robust estimates at LAD level. However, the data could potentially be published for South East RES geographies (Inner, Coastal and Rural).
Possible Indicators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pensioner Households living in households below 60% of the median income

¹⁷ See DWP website for updates <http://83.244.183.180/NESS/PCG/pcg.htm>

¹⁸ The most recent publication of the PI series is 2005/06 and is available on the DWP website.

Section 10 Religion and belief: Sources, indicators and gaps

10.1 What are the key sources?

- 10.1.1 Quantitative datasets providing evidence on key social issues affecting religion and belief groups is largely confined to the 2001 Census.
- 10.1.2 The Census provides a Theme Table on religion which looks at a range of key socio-economic indicators across different groups. Furthermore, a large number of Census indicators are coded by religion allowing cross-tabular analysis of key Census indicators broken down by religious group.
- 10.1.3 Reliance on Census data to provide a socio-economic profile of religion and belief groups is potentially problematic. The Census data is increasingly out of date and cannot capture more recent demographic shifts as a result of international migration since 2001.
- 10.1.4 Apart from the Census, the DCSF provide regularly updated data on schools broken down by religious character. This data is only released down to Local Education Authority level and does not provide counts of the number of pupils attending each religious institution.
- 10.1.5 Data is also available on the numbers of hate crime offences that were religiously motivated. This data is also only available for larger geographies (it is held at Police Force level), and cannot capture variation at local level.

10.2 What are the key indicators provided in the Equality and Diversity Data Tool?

Key religion and belief Indicators	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Religion	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Ethnic Group by Religion	Census 2001	Ward to National	2001
Sex and Age and Limiting Long-Term Illness and General Health by Religion	Census 2001	Ward to National	2001
Sex and Age and Economic Activity by Religion	Census 2001	Ward to National	2001
Age and Highest Level of Qualification by Religion	Census 2001	Ward to National	2001

10.3 What are the key data gaps that could be ‘plugged’ by existing datasets?

- 10.3.1 As highlighted above, there is little data available by religion and belief group. Apart from the Census, very little data is collected with religion or belief attached, and it is not usual practice to collect such data (in the same way that, say, ethnicity is often collected).
- 10.3.2 The main gap that could be potentially matched with existing datasets is providing better data on hate crime offences that were religiously motivated – at least to LA District level.

10.3.3 However, without collection of robust data coded by religion and belief, which appears unlikely in the short-term, accurate identification and monitoring of issues faced by specific groups is likely to be restricted to analysis of proxy datasets (for example, using ethnicity as a rough proxy for some groups), Census 2001, or more detailed local survey work.

Section 11 Sexual orientation: Sources, indicators and gaps

11.1 What are the key sources?

- 11.1.1 There is little robust data on the size of lesbian, bisexual and gay communities at local level, or how these groups are doing in terms of key socioeconomic outcomes. The national 2001 Census provides data only on those people in same-sex relationships that are living together in a household¹⁹, and there is little robust data on the size of the bisexual community.
- 11.1.2 There has been some additional qualitative research at local level within the South East relating to the size and experiences of lesbian, bisexual and gay groups. For example, Brighton and Hove commissioned the Count Me in Too²⁰ study looking at different levels of social exclusion experienced by the lesbian, bisexual, gay and transgender communities.

11.2 What are the key indicators provided in the Equality and Diversity Data Tool?

Theme	Dataset	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Population	Same-gender Couple households	Census 2001	Local Authority District to National	2001

11.3 What are the key data gaps that could be 'plugged' by existing datasets?

- 11.3.1 As highlighted above, there is little data available by sexual orientation. Apart from the Census, very little data is collected with sexual orientation attached, and it is not usual practice to collect such data (in the same way that, say, ethnicity is often collected).
- 11.3.2 As with religion and belief issues highlighted above, the main gap that could be potentially matched with existing datasets is providing better data on relevant hate crime offences – at least to LA District level.
- 11.3.3 Without collection of robust data coded by sexual orientation, which appears unlikely in the short-term, accurate identification and monitoring of issues faced by specific groups is likely to be restricted to analysis of more detailed local survey work.

¹⁹ Research from 'Count Me in Too' found just under 40% of those identifying as lesbian or gay lived with same sex partners: Browne, K. (2007) *Count me in too - LGBT Lives in Brighton and Hove - Initial Findings*. Available at: www.spectrum-lgbt.org/cmiToo/downloads/CMIT_AcademicReport_final_June07.pdf (p.3).

²⁰ *ibid.*

Appendix A Gender: full list of datasets

A.1 Introduction

A.1.1 The Tables in this and the following Appendices show the full set of indicators identified during the Equality and Diversity Tool project.

A.1.2 Indicators are shown for the following key themes:

- Population
- Deprivation and Low Income
- Employment
- Health
- Education
- Housing
- Crime and Safety
- Liveability

Datasets broken down by Gender

Theme	Datasets broken down by Gender	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Population	Population by gender	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Population	Population Estimates by broad age band	ONS	LSOA to National	2001 to 2005 with annual updates
Population	Population Estimates for Local Authorities	ONS	Local Authority to National	2001 to 2006 with annual updates
Population	Sub-national Population Projections	ONS	LSOA to National	2005-2029
Population	Child Benefit Claimants	HM Customs and Revenue	LSOA to National	1999 to 2006 with annual updates
Population	Population Estimates by Broad Ethnic Group	ONS	Local Authority to National	2001-2005
Population	Lone Parent Households with Dependent Children	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Population	State Pension claimants	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Deprivation and Low Income	Working Age DWP Benefit claimants	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Deprivation and Low Income	Income Support (IS)	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Deprivation and Low Income	Pension Credit	DWP	LSOA to National	November 2003 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Deprivation and Low Income	Housing Benefit/Council Tax Benefit Claimants	DWP	LSOA to National	2005 with annual updates
Deprivation and Low Income	Earnings per head: by place of residence and workplace	Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings (ASHE), Published by NOMIS	Local Authority District to National	2002 to 2007 with annual updates
Employment	Incapacity Benefit (IB)	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Employment	Jobseekers Allowance (JSA)	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Employment	Jobseekers Allowance claimant flows	DWP	LSOA to National	1983 to 2008 (monthly)
Employment	New Deal Programme: Starts and Jobs Gained	DWP	MSOA to National	2001 to 2006 with annual updates

Theme	Datasets broken down by Gender	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Employment	Hours worked: by place of residence and workplace	Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings (ASHE), Published by NOMIS	Local Authority District to National	2002 to 2007 with annual updates
Employment	Economic Activity by age and gender	Annual Population Survey (APS), Published by NOMIS	Local Authority District to National	December 2004 to June 2007 with quarterly updates
Employment	Self Employment Rate	Annual Population Survey (APS), Published by NOMIS	Local Authority District to National	December 2004 to June 2007 with quarterly updates
Health	Disability Living Allowance (DLA)	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Health	Attendance Allowance (AA)	DWP	Local Authority District to National	2002 to 2007 with quarterly updates
Health	Life Expectancy at Birth	ONS	Local Authority District to National	1999-2001 to 2003-2005 (3 year rolling averages)
Health	Healthy Life Expectancy and Disability Free Years	ONS	Local Authority District to National	2001
Health	Bereavement Benefits	DWP	Local Authority District to National	2002 to 2007 with quarterly updates
Health	Years of life lost due to alcohol	NWPHO from life tables for England (Government Actuaries Department)/ONS	Local Authority District to National	2005
Health	Alcohol-specific mortality rate	NWPHO from life tables for England (Government Actuaries Department)/ONS	Local Authority District to National	2005
Health	Mortality from chronic liver disease	Compendium of Clinical and Health Indicators, National Centre for Health Outcomes Development	Local Authority District to National	2005
Health	Alcohol-attributable mortality	NWPHO from Office for National Statistics	Local Authority District to National	2005

Theme	Datasets broken down by Gender	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Health	Alcohol-specific hospital admission	NWPHO from Hospital Episodes Statistics and Office for National Statistics mid-year population estimates	Local Authority District to National	2005
Health	Alcohol-attributable hospital admission	NWPHO from Hospital Episodes Statistics and Office for National Statistics mid-year population estimates	Local Authority District to National	2005
Education	Pupil attainment at GCSE by Location of Pupil Residence	DCSF: PLASC	LSOA to National	2001/02 to 2005/06 with annual updates
Education	Pupil attainment at Key Stage 1 by Location of Pupil Residence	DCSF: PLASC	LSOA to National	2004/05, 2005/06 with annual updates
Education	Pupil attainment at Key Stage 2 by Location of Pupil Residence	DCSF: PLASC	LSOA to National	2001/02 to 2005/06 with annual updates
Education	Pupil attainment at Key Stage 3 by Location of Pupil Residence	DCSF: PLASC	LSOA to National	2001/02 to 2005/06 with annual updates
Crime and Safety	Persons found guilty of all offences at magistrates' courts	Home Office	Police Force Area	2002, 2003
Crime and Safety	Children on Child Protection Registers	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority to National	2000 to 2007 with annual updates
Crime and Safety	Children looked after (in care)	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority to National	2004 to 2007 with annual updates

Census Tables with Gender Breakdowns

Table Number	Census Tables with Gender Breakdowns	Geographical Level
CAS001	Age by sex and resident type	OA to National
CAS002	Age by sex and marital status	OA to National
CAS003	Age of Household Reference Person (Hrp) by Sex and Marital Status (Headship)	OA to National
CAS004	Age by Sex and Living Arrangements	OA to National
CAS005	Age of Household Reference Person (Hrp) by Sex and Living Arrangements	OA to National
CAS015	Country of Birth by Sex	OA to National
CAS016	Sex and Age by General Health and Limiting Long-Term Illness	OA to National
CAS018	Sex and Amenities and Central Heating by Health and Limiting Long-Term Illness	OA to National
CAS021	Economic Activity by Sex and Limiting Long-Term Illness	OA to National
CAS022	Sex and Number of Cars Or Vans In Household by General Health and Limiting Long-Term Illness	OA to National
CAS024	Sex and Age and Limiting Long-Term Illness by Ns-Sec	OA to National
CAS025	Sex and Age by General Health and Provision of Unpaid Care	OA to National
CAS026	Sex and Economic Activity by General Health and Provision of Unpaid Care	OA to National
CAS028	Sex and Age by Economic Activity	OA to National
CAS029	Sex and Age by Hours Worked	OA to National
CAS030	Sex and Economic Activity by Living Arrangements	OA to National
CAS031	Family Composition and Number of Dependent Children by Sex and Economic Activity	OA to National
CAS032	Sex and Age and Level of Qualifications by Economic Activity	OA to National
CAS033	Sex and Occupation by Age	OA to National
CAS035	Sex and Occupation by Employment Status and Hours Worked	OA to National
CAS036	Sex and Industry by Age	OA to National
CAS038	Sex and Industry by Employment Status and Hours Worked	OA to National
CAS040	Sex and Occupation by Hours Worked	OA to National
CAS043	Sex and Ns-Sec by Economic Activity	OA to National
CAS065	Sex and Age by General Health and Limiting Long-Term Illness	OA to National
CAS066	Sex and Approximated Social Grade by Age	OA to National
CAS103	Sex and Age by Religion	OA to National
CAS119	Sex and Age by Method of Travel to Work	OA to National
CAS120	Sex and Age by Distance Travelled to Work	OA to National
CAS126	Type of Communal Establishment by Resident Type and Sex	OA to National
CAS133	Sex and Age by Knowledge of Welsh	OA to National
CAS146	Sex and Age by Ability to Speak Welsh	OA to National
ST101	Sex and Age by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST102	Sex and Country of Birth by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST105	Sex and Age by Highest Level of Qualification	Ward to National
ST107	Gender and Age and Limiting Long-Term Illness and General Health by Ethnic Group	Ward to National

Table Number	Census Tables with Gender Breakdowns	Geographical Level
ST108	Sex and Age and Economic Activity by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST109	Sex and Occupation by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST110	Sex and Industry by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST112	Sex and Ns-Sec by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST115	Count of Qualifications by Sex	Ward to National
ST116	Employment Activity and Sex and Professional Qualification by Occupation	Ward to National
ST121	Sex and Age by Distance of Travel to Work by Method Travelled to Work	Ward to National
ST125	Sex and Type of Communal Establishment by Resident Type and Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST126	Type of Communal Establishment and Gender by Resident Type and Age	Ward to National
ST128	Residents (Non-Staff) In Communal Establishments and Sex and Limiting Long-Term Illness and Type of Communal Establishment by Age	Ward to National
ST137	Sex and Age and Limiting Long-Term Illness and General Health by Knowledge of Welsh	Ward to National
ST149	Sex and Age by Religion	Ward to National
ST150	Sex and Country of Birth by Religion	Ward to National
ST152	Sex and Age and Limiting Long-Term Illness and General Health by Religion	Ward to National
ST153	Sex and Age and Economic Activity by Religion	Ward to National
ST154	Sex and Occupation by Religion	Ward to National
ST155	Sex and Industry by Religion	Ward to National
ST157	Sex and Ns-Sec by Religion	Ward to National
ST161	Sex and Type of Communal Establishment by Resident Type and Religion	Ward to National

Appendix B Ethnicity: full list of datasets

Ethnicity Indicators

Theme	Ethnicity Indicators	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Population	Population by ethnic group	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Population	Population by country of Birth	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Population	Population Estimates by Broad Ethnic Group	ONS	Local Authority to National	2001-2005 with annual updates
Population	Pupil Ethnicity in Maintained Schools	DCSF: PLASC	County/Unitary Authority to National	2005 to 2007 with annual updates
Population	Pupils by First Language in Maintained Schools	DCSF: PLASC	County/Unitary Authority to National	2005 to 2007 with annual updates
Population	Teacher Ethnicity in Maintained Schools	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority to National	2003 to 2007 with annual updates
Population	Numbers migrating in and out of an area over the last 12 months by ethnicity	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Population	People living in households of multiple ethnic groups	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Population	Births by country of birth of mother	ONS	Local Authority to National for selected areas	2000 to 2006
Population	National Insurance Number Allocations to Overseas Nationals entering the UK	DWP	Local Authority District to National	2005/06, 2006/07 (annual updates)
Population	Asylum Applicants: NaSS Subsistence/Accommodation	Home Office	Local Authority District for selected areas in Great Britain	2002 to 2007 with quarterly updates
Population	English for Speakers of other Languages (ESOL)	DCSF: Skills for Life Survey	Local Authority to National	2002/03
Population	Unaccompanied Asylum Seekers	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority to National	2004 to 2007 with annual updates
Population	Internal and International Migration projections 2005-2029	ONS	Local Authority to National	2005-2029
Population	International and Internal Migration Estimates	ONS	Local Authority to National	2001 to 2006 with annual updates
Population	Population Granted British Citizenship	Home Office	County/Unitary Authority to National	2005 to 2006 with annual updates
Employment	Jobseekers Allowance (JSA)	DWP	Local Authority to National	April 2005 to September 2007 with quarterly updates

Theme	Ethnicity Indicators	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Employment	Working age employment rate of people from non-white ethnic groups	Annual Population Survey (APS), Published by NOMIS	Local Authority District to National	December 2004 to June 2007 with quarterly updates
Employment	Unemployment of people from non-white ethnic groups	Annual Population Survey (APS), Published by NOMIS	Local Authority District to National	December 2004 to June 2007 with quarterly updates
Employment	People from non-white ethnic groups who are economically inactive	Annual Population Survey (APS), Published by NOMIS	Local Authority District to National	December 2004 to June 2007 with quarterly updates
Employment	New Deal Programme: Starts and Jobs Gained	DWP	MSOA to National	2001 to 2006 with annual updates
Education	Pupil Attainment by ethnic group at Key Stage 1	DCSF: PLASC	Local Authority to National	2005, 2006 with annual updates
Education	Pupil Attainment by ethnic group at Key Stage 2 (NI 107)	DCSF: PLASC	Local Authority to National	2005, 2006 with annual updates
Education	Pupil Attainment by ethnic group at Key Stage 3	DCSF: PLASC	Local Authority to National	2005, 2006 with annual updates
Education	Pupil Attainment at by ethnic group GCSE (NI 108)	DCSF: PLASC	Local Authority to National	2005, 2006 with annual updates
Education	Pupil Attainment by ethnic group at GCE/VCE A/AS	DCSF: PLASC	Local Authority to National	2005, 2006 with annual updates
Education	Pupils Attainment for people with English as an Additional Language	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2006, 2007
Housing	Homelessness: Unintentionally and Intentionally Homeless in Priority Need by ethnic group	CLG	Local Authority to National	2001 to 2005 with annual updates
Crime and Safety	Ethnic composition of offenders on youth justice system disposals (NI 44)	Home Office	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2005/06 to 2006/07 with annual updates
Crime and Safety	Probation Officers by Ethnicity	Home Office (from Race in the Criminal Justice System report)	Police force area	2003/04
Crime and Safety	Homicides by victim ethnicity	Home Office (from Race in the Criminal Justice System report)	Police force area	2003/04

Theme	Ethnicity Indicators	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Crime and Safety	Stop and searches by ethnicity	Home Office (from Race in the Criminal Justice System report)	Police force area	2003/04
Crime and Safety	Arrests by ethnicity	Home Office (from Race in the Criminal Justice System report)	Police force area	2003/04
Crime and Safety	Police complaints by ethnicity	Home Office (from Race in the Criminal Justice System report)	Police force area	2003/04
Crime and Safety	Racist incidents reported to the Police	Home Office (from Race in the Criminal Justice System report)	Police force area	1996/97 to 2003/04
Crime and Safety	Racially or religiously aggravated offences	Home Office (from Race in the Criminal Justice System report)	Police force area	2002/03, 2003/04
Crime and Safety	Children looked after (in care) by ethnic group	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority to National	2004 to 2007 with annual updates

Census Tables with Ethnicity Breakdowns

Table Number	Census Tables with Ethnicity Breakdowns	Geographical Level
CAS015	Country of Birth by Sex	OA to National
CT003	Theme Table On Ethnicity Group - People	OA to National
CT004	Theme Table On Ethnic Group Of Household Reference Person (Hrp) - Households	OA to National
ST101	Sex and Age by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST102	Sex and Country of Birth by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST104	Ethnic Group by Religion	Ward to National
ST106	Household Composition by Ethnic Group of Household Reference Person (Hrp)	Ward to National
ST107	Gender and Age and Limiting Long-Term Illness and General Health by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST108	Sex and Age and Economic Activity by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST109	Sex and Occupation by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST110	Sex and Industry by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST111	Tenure and Number of Cars Or Vans by Ethnic Group of Household Reference Person (Hrp)	Ward to National
ST112	Sex and Ns-Sec by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST117	Age and Highest Level of Qualification by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST123	Shared/Unshared Dwelling and Central Heating and Occupancy Rating by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST124	Shared/Unshared Dwelling and Central Heating and Occupancy Rating by Ethnic Group of Household Reference Person (Hrp)	Ward to National
ST125	Sex and Type of Communal Establishment by Resident Type and Ethnic Group	Ward to National

Appendix C Age: full list of datasets

Datasets with age breakdowns

Theme	Datasets with age breakdowns	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Population	Population by age (5 year bands)	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Population	Population Estimates by broad age band	ONS	LSOA to National	2001 to 2005 with annual updates
Population	Population Estimates for Local Authorities	ONS	Local Authority to National	2001 to 2006 with annual updates
Population	Sub-national Population Projections	ONS	LSOA to National	2005-2029
Population	Child Benefit Claimants	HM Customs and Revenue	LSOA to National	1999 to 2006 with annual updates
Population	Population Estimates by Broad Ethnic Group	ONS	Local Authority to National	2001-2005
Population	Population Turnover Rates	ONS	MSOA to National	2000/01 to 2004/05 with annual updates
Population	Pupils by age in maintained schools	DCSF: PLASC	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2004-2007 with annual updates
Population	Numbers migrating in and out of an area over the last 12 months	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Population	State Pension claimants	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Deprivation and Low Income	Working Age DWP Benefit claimants	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Deprivation and Low Income	Income Support (IS)	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Deprivation and Low Income	Pension Credit	DWP	LSOA to National	November 2003 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Deprivation and Low Income	Housing Benefit/Council Tax Benefit Claimants	DWP	LSOA to National	2005 with annual updates
Employment	Incapacity Benefit (IB)	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates

Theme	Datasets with age breakdowns	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Employment	Jobseekers Allowance (JSA)	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Employment	Jobseekers Allowance claimant flows	DWP	LSOA to National	1983 to 2008 (monthly)
Employment	Economic Activity by age	Annual Population Survey (APS), Published by NOMIS	Local Authority District to National	December 2004 to June 2007 with quarterly updates
Employment	Self Employment Rate by age	Annual Population Survey (APS), Published by NOMIS	Local Authority District to National	December 2004 to June 2007 with quarterly updates
Health	Disability Living Allowance (DLA)	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Health	Attendance Allowance (AA)	DWP	Local Authority District to National	2002 to 2007 with quarterly updates
Crime and Safety	Persons found guilty of all offences at magistrates' courts	Home Office	Police Force Area	2002, 2003
Crime and Safety	Children looked after (in care)	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority to National	2004 to 2007 with annual updates

Census Tables with Age Breakdowns

Table Number	Census Tables with Age Breakdowns	Geographical Level
CAS001	Age by sex and resident type	OA to National
CAS002	Age by sex and marital status	OA to National
CAS003	Age Of Household Reference Person (Hrp) By Sex And Marital Status (Headship)	OA to National
CAS004	Age By Sex And Living Arrangements	OA to National
CAS005	Age Of Household Reference Person (Hrp) By Sex And Living Arrangements	OA to National
CAS007	Age Of Family Reference Person (Frp) And Number And Age Of Dependent Children By Family Type	OA to National
CAS008	Resident type by Age and Migration	OA to National
CAS009	Age Of Household Reference Person (Hrp) and number of dependent children by migration of households	OA to National
CAS011	Family Composition By Age Of Family Reference Person (Frp)	OA to National
CAS012	Schoolchildren And Students In Full-Time Education Living Away From Home In Term-Time By Age	OA to National

Table Number	Census Tables with Age Breakdowns	Geographical Level
CAS013	Age Of Household Reference Person (Hrp) And Tenure By Economic Activity Of Hrp	OA to National
CAS014	Age And Dependent Children By Household Type (Adults)	OA to National
CAS016	Sex And Age By General Health And Limiting Long-Term Illness	OA to National
CAS017	Tenure And Age By General Health And Limiting Long-Term Illness	OA to National
CAS018	Sex And Amenities And Central Heating By Health And Limiting Long-Term Illness	OA to National
CAS019	General Health And Limiting Long-Term Illness And Occupancy Rating By Age	OA to National
CAS020	Limiting Long-Term Illness And Age By Accommodation Type And Lowest Floor Level Of Accommodation	OA to National
CAS023	Age And General Health By Ns-Sec	OA to National
CAS024	Sex And Age And Limiting Long-Term Illness By Ns-Sec	OA to National
CAS025	Sex And Age By General Health And Provision Of Unpaid Care	OA to National
CAS027	Households With A Person With A Limiting Long-Term Illness (Llti) And Their Age By Number Of Carers In Household And Economic Activity	OA to National
CAS028	Sex And Age By Economic Activity	OA to National
CAS029	Sex And Age By Hours Worked	OA to National
CAS032	Sex And Age And Level Of Qualifications By Economic Activity	OA to National
CAS033	Sex And Occupation By Age	OA to National
CAS034	Former Occupation By Age	OA to National
CAS036	Sex And Industry By Age	OA to National
CAS037	Former Industry By Age	OA to National
CAS041	Economic Activity And Time Since Last Worked By Age	OA to National
CAS042	Ns-Sec By Age	OA to National
CAS045	Ns-Sec Of Household Reference Person (Hrp) By Age (Of Hrp)	OA to National
CAS054	Shared/Unshared Dwelling And Central Heating And Occupancy Rating By Age	OA to National
CAS064	Households With Full-Time Students Away From Home And Age Of Student By Number Of Students	OA to National

Table Number	Census Tables with Age Breakdowns	Geographical Level
CAS065	Sex And Age By General Health And Limiting Long-Term Illness	OA to National
CAS066	Sex And Approximated Social Grade By Age	OA to National
CAS067	Age Of Household Reference Person (Hrp) And Dependent Children By Approximated Social Grade	OA to National
CAS068	Age And Dependent Children By Household Type (Household Reference Persons)	OA to National
CAS103	Sex And Age By Religion	OA to National
CAS105	Age By Highest Level Of Qualification	OA to National
CAS119	Sex And Age By Method Of Travel To Work	OA to National
CAS120	Sex And Age By Distance Travelled To Work	OA to National
CAS126	Type Of Communal Establishment By Resident Type And Sex	OA to National
CAS133	Sex And Age By Knowledge Of Welsh	OA to National
CAS146	Sex And Age By Ability To Speak Welsh	OA to National
ST101	Sex and Age by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST105	Sex and Age by Highest Level of Qualification	Ward to National
ST107	Gender and Age and Limiting Long-Term Illness and General Health by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST108	Sex and Age and Economic Activity by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST117	Age and Highest Level of Qualification by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST121	Sex and Age by Distance of Travel to Work by Method Travelled to Work	Ward to National
ST126	Type of Communal Establishment and Gender by Resident Type and Age	Ward to National
ST128	Residents (Non-Staff) In Communal Establishments and Sex and Limiting Long-Term Illness and Type of Communal Establishment by Age	Ward to National
ST136	Age of Household Reference Person (Hrp) and Tenure by Knowledge of Welsh	Ward to National
ST137	Sex and Age and Limiting Long-Term Illness and General Health by Knowledge of Welsh	Ward to National
ST149	Sex and Age by Religion	Ward to National
ST152	Sex and Age and Limiting Long-Term Illness and General Health by Religion	Ward to National
ST153	Sex and Age and Economic Activity by Religion	Ward to National
ST158	Age and Highest Level of Qualification by Religion	Ward to National

Appendix D Children and young people: full list of datasets

Children and Young People Indicators

Theme	Children and Young People Indicators	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Population	Population by age (5 year bands)	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Population	Population Estimates by broad age band	ONS	LSOA to National	2001 to 2005 with annual updates
Population	Population Estimates for Local Authorities	ONS	Local Authority to National	2001 to 2006 with annual updates
Population	Sub-national Population Projections	ONS	LSOA to National	2005-2029
Population	Child Benefit Claimants	HM Customs and Revenue	LSOA to National	1999 to 2006 with annual updates
Population	Population Estimates by Broad Ethnic Group	ONS	Local Authority to National	2001-2005
Population	Lone Parent Households with Dependent Children	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Population	Pupils by age in maintained schools	DCSF: PLASC	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2004-2007 with annual updates
Population	Child Support Agency (CSA) recipients and non-resident parents	DWP	Local Authority District to National	2006, 2007 (quarterly updates)
Population	Children living in Lone Parent Families (in and out of work)	HM Customs and Revenue	LSOA to National	2005
Deprivation and Low Income	Pupils Eligible for Free School Meals	DCSF: PLASC	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2005-2007 with annual updates
Deprivation and Low Income	Child Tax Credit (CTC)	HM Customs and Revenue	LSOA to National	2005
Deprivation and Low Income	ID 2004 Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index	CLG Indices of Deprivation (ID) 2004	LSOA	2004
Deprivation and Low Income	ID 2007 Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index	CLG Indices of Deprivation (ID) 2007	LSOA	2007
Employment	Out of work families with children	HM Customs and Revenue	LSOA to National	2005
Employment	Children in households where no adults are in Employment	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Employment	New Deal for Young People	DWP	MSOA to National	2001 to 2006 with annual updates

Theme	Children and Young People Indicators	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Health	Alcohol-specific hospital admission, under 18s	NWPHO from Hospital Episodes Statistics and Office for National Statistics mid-year population estimates	Local Authority District to National	2005
Health	Under 18 conception rate (NI 118)	ONS	Local Authority District to National	1998-00 to 2003-05 with annual updates
Health	Infant Mortality	ONS	Local Authority District to National	1998-2000 to 2003-2005 with annual updates
Education	ID 2004 Education Skills and Training domain	CLG Indices of Deprivation (ID) 2004	LSOA	2004
Education	ID 2007 Education Skills and Training domain	CLG Indices of Deprivation (ID) 2007	LSOA	2007
Education	ID 2004 Children / Young People Education Skills and Training subdomain	CLG Indices of Deprivation (ID) 2004	LSOA	2004
Education	ID 2007 Children / Young People Education Skills and Training subdomain	CLG Indices of Deprivation (ID) 2007	LSOA	2007
Education	Pupil attainment at GCSE by Location of Pupil Residence (NI 75)	DCSF: PLASC	LSOA to National	2001/02 to 2005/06 with annual updates
Education	Pupil attainment at Key Stage 1 by Location of Pupil Residence	DCSF: PLASC	LSOA to National	2004/05, 2005/06 with annual updates
Education	Pupil attainment at Key Stage 2 by Location of Pupil Residence (NI 73)	DCSF: PLASC	LSOA to National	2001/02 to 2005/06 with annual updates
Education	Pupil attainment at Key Stage 3 by Location of Pupil Residence (NI 74)	DCSF: PLASC	LSOA to National	2001/02 to 2005/06 with annual updates
Education	Achievement gap between pupils eligible for free school meals and their peers achieving the expected level at Key Stages 2 and 4 (NI 102)	DCSF	Local Authority to National	2004/05 with annual updates

Theme	Children and Young People Indicators	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Education	Pupil Attainment by Free School Meal eligibility at Key Stage 1	DCSF: PLASC	MSOA to National	2005, 2006 with annual updates
Education	Pupil Attainment by Free School Meal eligibility at Key Stage 2	DCSF: PLASC	MSOA to National	2005, 2006 with annual updates
Education	Pupil Attainment by Free School Meal eligibility at Key Stage 3	DCSF: PLASC	MSOA to National	2005, 2006 with annual updates
Education	Pupil Attainment by Free School Meal eligibility at GCSE	DCSF: PLASC	MSOA to National	2005, 2006 with annual updates
Education	Pupil Attainment by ethnic group at Key Stage 1	DCSF: PLASC	Local Authority to National	2005, 2006 with annual updates
Education	Pupil Attainment by ethnic group at Key Stage 2 (NI 107)	DCSF: PLASC	Local Authority to National	2005, 2006 with annual updates
Education	Pupil Attainment by ethnic group at Key Stage 3	DCSF: PLASC	Local Authority to National	2005, 2006 with annual updates
Education	Pupil Attainment by ethnic group at GCSE (NI 108)	DCSF: PLASC	Local Authority to National	2005, 2006 with annual updates
Education	Pupil Attainment by ethnic group at GCE/VCE A/AS	DCSF: PLASC	Local Authority to National	2005, 2006 with annual updates
Education	Pupils Attainment for people with English as an Additional Language	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2005, 2006 with annual updates
Education	Level 2 and 3 qualification attainment for Young People	LSC	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2000 to 2006 with annual updates
Education	Pupil Absence in Schools in England (Referenced by Location of Educational Institution)	DCSF	Middle Layer SOA to National	2003/04 to 2004/05 with annual updates
Education	Pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN)	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2005 to 2007 with annual updates
Education	Pupils attainment for pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN)	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2005/06 with annual updates
Education	ID 2004 Young People Not Staying in Education indicator	CLG Indices of Deprivation (ID) 2004	LSOA	2004
Education	ID 2004 Combined National Curriculum Assessments indicator	CLG Indices of Deprivation (ID) 2004	LSOA	2004

Theme	Children and Young People Indicators	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Education	ID 2004 Secondary School Absence indicator	CLG Indices of Deprivation (ID) 2004	LSOA	2004
Education	Pupil Attainment by ACORN category	DCSF	Local Authority District to National	2004 to 2005
Education	Further Education Success, Retention and Achievement Rates	DCSF/ LSC	LSOA to National	2002/03 to 2003/04 with annual updates
Education	Pupil Foundation Stage Profile	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2005/06, 2006/07 with annual updates
Education	Qualification levels of children leaving care	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2006 with annual updates
Education	Pupil Attainment of children in Care (KS1-4)	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2006 with annual updates
Education	Children in Care: Pupil Absence, Exclusions and SEN	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2006 with annual updates
Education	Care leavers in employment, education or training (NI 148)	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2002/03 to 2005/06
Housing	Care leavers in suitable accommodation (NI 147)	Local authority report through SSDA903 return to DCSF.	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2001/02 to 2005/06 with annual updates
Housing	Teenage lone parents in social rented housing	CLG	Local Authority District	2005
Crime and Safety	Time Intervals for Criminal Proceedings: Children	Criminal Justice Service, Department for Constitutional Affairs (DCA)	Police force area	2000 to 2005 with quarterly updates
Crime and Safety	Children looked after (in care)	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority to National	2004 to 2007 with annual updates
Crime and Safety	Children in Care: Substance Misuse	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority to National	2006 with annual updates
Crime and Safety	Children in Care: Criminal Offences	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority to National	2006 with annual updates
Crime and Safety	Rate of proven re-offending by young offenders (NI 147)	YOT	County/Unitary Authority to National	2002 to 2005 with annual updates

Theme	Children and Young People Indicators	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Crime and Safety	Young people within the Youth Justice System receiving a conviction in court who are sentenced to custody (NI 43)	YOT	County/Unitary Authority to National	2003/04 to 2006/07 with annual updates
Crime and Safety	First time entrants to the Youth Justice System aged 10-17 (NI 111)	YOT	County/Unitary Authority to National	2005/06 to 2006/07 with annual updates
Crime and Safety	Ethnic composition of offenders on youth justice system disposals (NI 44)	Home Office	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2005/06 to 2006/07 with annual updates
Crime and Safety	Young offenders engagement in suitable education, employment and training (NI 45)	YOT	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2003/04 to 2006/07 with annual updates
Crime and Safety	Young offenders access to suitable accommodation (NI 46)	YOT	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2003/04 to 2006/07 with annual updates
Crime and Safety	Children on Child Protection Registers	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority to National	2000 to 2007 with annual updates
Crime and Safety	Road Traffic Accidents: Children Killed or seriously injured (NI 48)	DfT	Local Authority District to National	1997 to 2005 with annual updates

Census Tables with Children/Young People Breakdowns

Table Number	Census Tables with Children/Young People Breakdowns	Geographical Level
CAS001	Age by sex and resident type	OA to National
CAS007	Age of Family Reference Person (Frp) and Number and Age of Dependent Children by Family Type	OA to National
CAS009	Age of Household Reference Person (Hrp) and number of dependent children by migration of households	OA to National
CAS012	Schoolchildren and Students In Full-Time Education Living Away From Home In Term-Time by Age	OA to National
CAS014	Age and Dependent Children by Household Type (Adults)	OA to National
CAS025	Sex and Age by General Health and Provision of Unpaid Care	OA to National
CAS064	Households With Full-Time Students Away From Home and Age of Student by Number of Students	OA to National
CAS067	Age of Household Reference Person (Hrp) and Dependent Children by Approximated Social Grade	OA to National
CAS068	Age and Dependent Children by Household Type (Household Reference Persons)	OA to National
CAS103	Sex and Age by Religion	OA to National
CT001	Theme Table On All Dependent Children	OA to National
ST101	Sex and Age by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST149	Sex and Age by Religion	Ward to National

Appendix E Older People: full list of datasets

Older People Indicators

Theme	Older People Indicators	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Population	Population by age	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Population	Population Estimates by broad age band	ONS	LSOA to National	2001 to 2005 with annual updates
Population	Population Estimates for Local Authorities	ONS	Local Authority to National	2001 to 2006 with annual updates
Population	Sub-national Population Projections	ONS	LSOA to National	2005-2029
Population	State Pension claimants	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Population	Population Estimates by Broad Ethnic Group	ONS	Local Authority to National	2001-2005
Population	Population Turnover Rates	ONS	MSOA to National	2000/01 to 2004/05 with annual updates
Population	Pensioners Living Alone	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Population	Household Composition – Pensioner households	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Deprivation and Low Income	ID 2004 Income Deprivation Affecting Older Persons Index	CLG Indices of Deprivation (ID) 2004	LSOA	2004
Deprivation and Low Income	ID 2007 Income Deprivation Affecting Older Persons Index	CLG Indices of Deprivation (ID) 2007	LSOA	2007
Deprivation and Low Income	Pension Credit	DWP	LSOA to National	November 2003 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Deprivation and Low Income	Widows Benefit	DWP	Local Authority District to National	2002 to 2004
Employment	Employment rate of over 50 year olds (to age 59/64)	DWP/ Annual Local Area Labour Force Survey (ALALFS)	Local Authority District to National	2001/02 to 2004/05 with annual updates
Employment	Employment rate of over 50 year olds (to age 69)	DWP/ Annual Local Area Labour Force Survey (ALALFS)	Local Authority District to National	2001/02 to 2004/05 with annual updates
Health	Disability Living Allowance (DLA)	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates

Theme	Older People Indicators	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Health	Attendance Allowance (AA)	DWP	Local Authority District to National	2002 to 2007 with quarterly updates
Health	Life Expectancy at age 65	ONS	Local Authority District to National	2001
Health	Healthy Life Expectancy and Disability Free Years at age 65	ONS	Local Authority District to National	2001
Health	Carers receiving a Carer Services	CSCI Performance Assessment Framework (PAF)	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2006/07 with annual updates
Health	Community Care Statistics: Supported Residents	NHS Information Centre	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2005
Health	Residential and Nursing Care: aged 65+	CSCI Performance Assessment Framework (PAF)	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2006/07 with annual updates
Health	Social Care clients and receiving Self Directed Support (Direct Payments and Individual Budgets) (NI 130)	CSCI Performance Assessment Framework (PAF)	Local Authority District to National	2004/05 to 2005/06
Health	Older people helped to live at home	CSCI Performance Assessment Framework (PAF)	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2006/07 with annual updates
Health	Older people helped to live at home	CSCI Performance Assessment Framework (PAF)	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2006/07 with annual updates
Health	Delayed transfers of care from hospitals (NI 131)	The DH Strategic Executive Information System (STEIS)	Local Authority District to National	2004/05 to 2006/07 with annual updates
Health	Intensive Home Care recipients	CSCI Performance Assessment Framework (PAF)	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2006/07 with annual updates

Theme	Older People Indicators	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Health	Residential and Nursing Care recipients	CSCI Performance Assessment Framework (PAF)	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2006/07 with annual updates
Health	Timeliness of social care assessment/packages (NI 132, NI 133)	Referrals, Assessment and Packages of Care Data (RAP).	Local Authority District to National	2003/04 to 2005/06 with annual updates
Health	Carers receiving needs assessment or review and a specific Carers service, or advice and information (NI 135)	Referrals, Assessment and Packages of Care Data (RAP).	Local Authority District to National	2004/05, 2005/06 with annual updates
Health	People supported to live independently through social services (all ages)	Referrals, Assessment and Packages of Care Data (RAP).	Local Authority District to National	2004/05, 2005/06 with annual updates

Census Tables with Older Person Breakdowns

Table Number	Census Tables with Older Person Breakdowns	Geographical Level
CAS001	Age by sex and resident type	OA to National
CAS002	Age by sex and marital status	OA to National
CAS003	Age of Household Reference Person (Hrp) by Sex and Marital Status (Headship)	OA to National
CAS004	Age by Sex and Living Arrangements	OA to National
CAS005	Age of Household Reference Person (Hrp) by Sex and Living Arrangements	OA to National
CAS008	Resident type by Age and Migration	OA to National
CAS011	Family Composition by Age of Family Reference Person (Frp)	OA to National
CAS013	Age of Household Reference Person (Hrp) and Tenure by Economic Activity of Hrp	OA to National
CAS014	Age and Dependent Children by Household Type (Adults)	OA to National
CAS016	Sex and Age by General Health and Limiting Long-Term Illness	OA to National
CAS017	Tenure and Age by General Health and Limiting Long-Term Illness	OA to National
CAS019	General Health and Limiting Long-Term Illness and Occupancy Rating by Age	OA to National
CAS020	Limiting Long-Term Illness and Age by Accommodation Type and Lowest Floor Level of Accommodation	OA to National
CAS023	Age and General Health by Ns-Sec	OA to National
CAS024	Sex and Age and Limiting Long-Term Illness by Ns-Sec	OA to National
CAS025	Sex and Age by General Health and Provision of Unpaid Care	OA to National
CAS027	Households With A Person With A Limiting Long-Term Illness (Lti) and Their Age by Number of Carers In Household and Economic Activity	OA to National
CAS028	Sex and Age by Economic Activity	OA to National
CAS032	Sex and Age and Level of Qualifications by Economic Activity	OA to National
CAS034	Former Occupation by Age	OA to National
CAS037	Former Industry by Age	OA to National
CAS041	Economic Activity and Time Since Last Worked by Age	OA to National
CAS042	Ns-Sec by Age	OA to National
CAS045	Ns-Sec of Household Reference Person (Hrp) by Age (of Hrp)	OA to National
CAS054	Shared/Unshared Dwelling and Central Heating and Occupancy Rating by Age	OA to National
CAS065	Sex and Age by General Health and Limiting Long-Term Illness	OA to National
CAS066	Sex and Approximated Social Grade by Age	OA to National
CAS103	Sex and Age by Religion	OA to National
CAS105	Age by Highest Level of Qualification	OA to National
CT002	Theme Table On People Aged 50 And Over	OA to National
ST101	Sex and Age by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST107	Gender and Age and Limiting Long-Term Illness and General Health by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST108	Sex and Age and Economic Activity by Ethnic Group	Ward to National

Table Number	Census Tables with Older Person Breakdowns	Geographical Level
ST126	Type of Communal Establishment and Gender by Resident Type and Age	Ward to National
ST128	Residents (Non-Staff) In Communal Establishments and Sex and Limiting Long-Term Illness and Type of Communal Establishment by Age	Ward to National
ST149	Sex and Age by Religion	Ward to National
ST152	Sex and Age and Limiting Long-Term Illness and General Health by Religion	Ward to National
ST153	Sex and Age and Economic Activity by Religion	Ward to National

Appendix F Disability: full list of datasets

Disability Indicators

Theme	Datasets covering disabled groups	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Population	Disability Living Allowance (DLA)	DWP	LSOA to National	May 2002 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Population	Attendance Allowance (AA)	DWP	Local Authority District to National	2002 to 2007 with quarterly updates
Population	People permanently sick or disabled	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Population	Pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN)	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2005 to 2007 with annual updates
Deprivation and Low Income	Income Support as a result of Incapacity	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Employment	Incapacity Benefit claimants	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Employment	IB Mental Health claimants	DWP	LSOA to National	August 1999 to May 2007 with quarterly updates
Health	Healthy Life Expectancy and Disability Free Years	ONS	Local Authority District to National	2001
Health	ID 2004 Comparative Illness and Disability indicator	CLG Indices of Deprivation (ID) 2004	LSOA	2001-2003
Health	Carers Allowance (CA)	DWP	Local Authority District to National	2003 to 2006 with quarterly updates
Health	People providing unpaid care	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Health	Carers receiving a Carer Services	CSCI Performance Assessment Framework (PAF)	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2006/07 with annual updates
Health	Adults with Physical Disability Helped to live at home	CSCI Performance Assessment Framework (PAF)	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2006/07 with annual updates

Theme	Datasets covering disabled groups	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Health	Adults with Learning Difficulties Helped to live at home	CSCI Performance Assessment Framework (PAF)	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2006/07 with annual updates
Health	Adults with mental health problems helped to live at home	CSCI Performance Assessment Framework (PAF)	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2006/07 with annual updates
Health	NI 130 - Social Care clients and receiving Self Directed Support (Direct Payments and Individual Budgets)	Referrals, Assessment and Packages of Care Data (RAP) and Personal Social Services Expenditure and Unit Costs: England	Local Authority District to National	2004/05, 2005/06 with annual updates
Health	NI 132 - Timeliness of social care assessment	Referrals, Assessment and Packages of Care Data (RAP).	Local Authority District to National	2003/04 to 2005/06 with annual updates
Health	NI 133 - Timeliness of social care packages	Referrals, Assessment and Packages of Care Data (RAP).	Local Authority District to National	2004/05, 2005/06 with annual updates
Health	NI 135 - Carers receiving needs assessment or review and a specific Carers service, or advice and information	Referrals, Assessment and Packages of Care Data (RAP).	Local Authority District to National	2004/05, 2005/06 with annual updates
Health	NI 136 - People supported to live independently through social services	Referrals, Assessment and Packages of Care Data (RAP) & Grant Funded Services (GFS1) data.	Local Authority District to National	2004/05, 2005/06 with annual updates
Education	Pupils attainment for pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) KS 2-4	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2005/06 with annual updates
Education	Participation of students who are in receipt of Disabled Students' Allowance in higher education	DCSF / Higher Education Statistical Agency (HESA)	Higher Education Institution (HEI)	2002/03 to 2003/04

Census Tables with Disability Breakdowns

Table Number	Census Tables with Disability Breakdowns	Geographical Level
CAS013	Age of Household Reference Person (Hrp) and Tenure by Economic Activity of Hrp	OA to National
CAS016	Sex and Age by General Health and Limiting Long-Term Illness	OA to National
CAS017	Tenure and Age by General Health and Limiting Long-Term Illness	OA to National
CAS018	Sex and Amenities and Central Heating by Health and Limiting Long-Term Illness	OA to National
CAS019	General Health and Limiting Long-Term Illness and Occupancy Rating by Age	OA to National
CAS020	Limiting Long-Term Illness and Age by Accommodation Type and Lowest Floor Level of Accommodation	OA to National
CAS021	Economic Activity by Sex and Limiting Long-Term Illness	OA to National
CAS022	Sex and Number of Cars Or Vans In Household by General Health and Limiting Long-Term Illness	OA to National
CAS023	Age and General Health by Ns-Sec	OA to National
CAS024	Sex and Age and Limiting Long-Term Illness by Ns-Sec	OA to National
CAS025	Sex and Age by General Health and Provision of Unpaid Care	OA to National
CAS026	Sex and Economic Activity by General Health and Provision of Unpaid Care	OA to National
CAS027	Households With A Person With A Limiting Long-Term Illness (Llti) and Their Age by Number of Carers In Household and Economic Activity	OA to National
CAS028	Sex and Age by Economic Activity	OA to National
CAS031	Family Composition and Number of Dependent Children by Sex and Economic Activity	OA to National
CAS032	Sex and Age and Level of Qualifications by Economic Activity	OA to National
CAS043	Sex and Ns-Sec by Economic Activity	OA to National
ST107	Gender and Age and Limiting Long-Term Illness and General Health by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST108	Sex and Age and Economic Activity by Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST125	Sex and Type of Communal Establishment by Resident Type and Ethnic Group	Ward to National
ST126	Type of Communal Establishment and Gender by Resident Type and Age	Ward to National
ST128	Residents (Non-Staff) In Communal Establishments and Sex and Limiting Long-Term Illness and Type of Communal Establishment by Age	Ward to National
ST152	Sex and Age and Limiting Long-Term Illness and General Health by Religion	Ward to National
ST153	Sex and Age and Economic Activity by Religion	Ward to National

Appendix G Religion and belief: full list of datasets

Theme	Key religion and belief indicators	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Population	Religion	Census 2001	OA to National	2001
Population	School Characteristics: Religious character, size status	DCSF	County/Unitary Authority (UA) to National	2005 to 2006 with annual updates
Population	Sex and age by religion	Census 2001 (available on NOMIS)	LSOA to National	2001
Crime and Safety	Racially or religiously aggravated offences	Home Office (from Race in the Criminal Justice System report)	Police force area	2002/03, 2003/04

Census Tables broken down by religion and belief

Table Number	Census Tables broken down by religion and belief group	Geographical Level
CAS103	Sex and Age by Religion	OA to National
CT010	Theme Table On Religion - People	OA to National
CT011	Theme Table On Religion Of Household Reference Person (Hrp) - Households	OA to National
ST104	Ethnic Group by Religion	Ward to National
ST149	Sex and Age by Religion	Ward to National
ST150	Sex and Country of Birth by Religion	Ward to National
ST151	Household Composition by Religion of Household Reference Person (Hrp)	Ward to National
ST152	Sex and Age and Limiting Long-Term Illness and General Health by Religion	Ward to National
ST153	Sex and Age and Economic Activity by Religion	Ward to National
ST154	Sex and Occupation by Religion	Ward to National
ST155	Sex and Industry by Religion	Ward to National
ST156	Tenure and Number of Cars Or Vans by Religion of Household Reference Person (Hrp)	Ward to National
ST157	Sex and Ns-Sec by Religion	Ward to National
ST158	Age and Highest Level of Qualification by Religion	Ward to National
ST159	Shared/Unshared Dwelling and Central Heating and Occupancy Rating by Religion	Ward to National
ST160	Shared/Unshared Dwelling and Central Heating and Occupancy Rating by Religion of Household Reference Person (Hrp)	Ward to National
ST161	Sex and Type of Communal Establishment by Resident Type and Religion	Ward to National

Appendix H Sexual orientation: full list of datasets

Theme	Dataset	Source	Geographical Level	Timepoints
Population	Same-gender Couple households	Census 2001	Local Authority District to National	2001